



## **GCSE Methodmaths is:**

- a readily available online package for those looking for additional strategies to support students in their quest to achieve or exceed their target grade, Methodmaths
- an interactive website where students practise official Edexcel and/or OCR GCSE questions
- automatically marked online, providing learners with instant feedback (see screenshot below) and teachers with live records that help focus their planning, informed by the gap analysis.
- now 9-1 ready and is updated with new questions on a regular basis
- built on the principles of active revision and reflective learning, helping to foster independent learning skills and exam preparation away from the classroom.

In addition to the GCSE Methodmaths option the same interactive online approach is used for KS2 SATs questions. This further package may be used as a preparation tool for Y6 students or as part of a Y7 Catchup Programme for identifying student's strengths and weaknesses.

As with any new package/programme the support of an experienced trainer can enable you to maximise impact for your students through the sharing of best practice.

	23 24 27 28 29	$ \langle \rangle $
25 Here are the first four terms of an arithmetic sequence.		
6 10 14 18		
(a) Write an expression, in terms of <i>n</i> , for the <i>n</i> th term of this sequence.		
	4n+2	2
	(2)	
The <i>n</i> th term of a different arithmetic sequence is $3 n + 5$		
(b) Is 108 a term of this sequence? Show how you get your answer.		
34 <sup>th</sup> term = 107 , therefore the answer is	no	2
	(2)	
(Total for Question 25 is 4 marks)		
	38 24 27 28 28	$1 \le 5$

For further information please contact <a href="mailto:pip@accomplisheducation.com">pip@accomplisheducation.com</a>, our accredited expert, for more details regarding costs and support for your school or group/network of schools